Occupational Hispanic Workers

Bureau of Labor Statistics Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries



Hispanic Demographics



- The Hispanic population now comprises approximately 31.7 million or 11.7 percent of the United States population
- Hispanics are expected to surpass blacks next year as the nation's largest minority
- 37% of the country's population growth between 1990 and 1999 was Hispanic

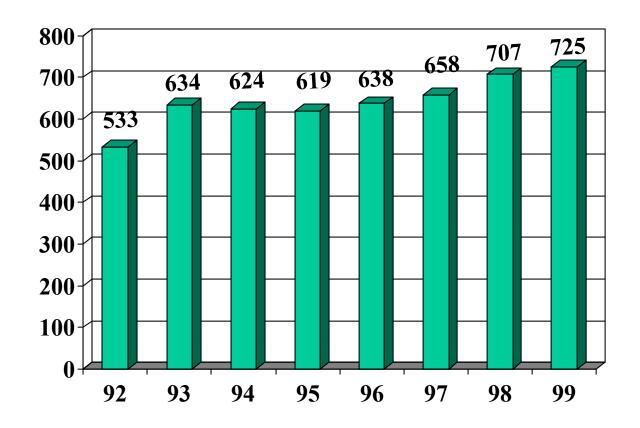


Hispanic Demographics - cont.



- The median age of Hispanics (26.4 years) is nine years younger than the median age for the U. S. overall
- The growth rate of the Hispanic workforce is four times that of the non-Hispanic workforce
- 64% of U.S. Hispanics were born in the states

Fatalities to Hispanic workers by year, 1992-99



5,138 Hispanic workers have lost their lives on the job during the years 1992-99

Fatalities to Hispanic workers

The distribution of fatalities to Hispanic workers differ from that of non-Hispanic workers in all aspects including:

- Event
- Worker activity
- Occupation
- Industry

U.S. Fatalities to Hispanic workers by country of origin, 1992-99

All Hispanic workers	5138
Mexico	1904
Cuba	180
El Salvador	169
Dominican Republic	155
Guatemala	89
Honduras	64



By industry

Fatalities were more likely to occur in the construction, agriculture, retail trade, and

services industries

By occupation

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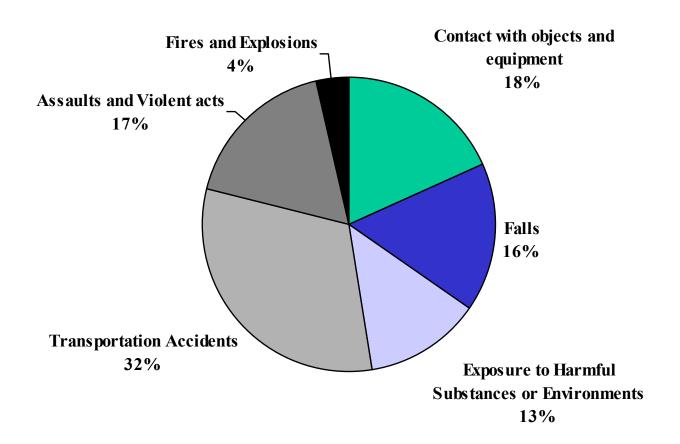
A greater proportion of fatalities to Mexican-Americans occurred to farm workers and laborers

A smaller proportion of fatalities to Mexican -Americans occurred to truckdrivers

By state

There was **not** a strong relationship between the population of Mexican-Americans in a state and the number of fatalities occurring in that state.

By event



Fatalities to Cuban-Americans

Cuban-American workers made up 4% of the Hispanic employment as well as 4% of fatalities to Hispanic workers with country of origin identified.

Fatalities to Cuban-Americans

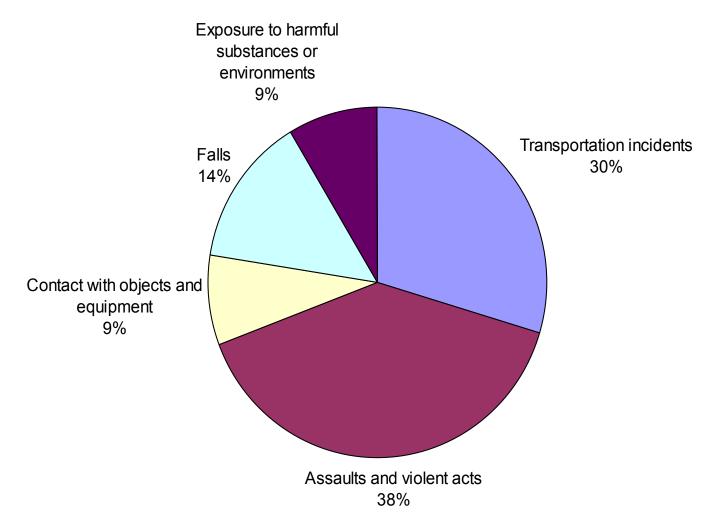
By occupation

- •Fatalities were more likely to occur to laborers and workers in sales occupation
- •Fatalities were less likely to occur in farming occupations



Fatalities to Cuban-Americans

By event





Mexican-American workers had a lower proportion of fatalities relative to employment.

Workers with countries of origin other than Mexico and Cuba had a relatively high proportion of fatalities relative to employment.

Percent of fatalities to Hispanic workers and Hispanic workforce by country of origin, 1992-98

